EXPLORING VITA M IN HORSES

VITAMIN E

Vitamin E is an important fat soluble vitamin that is not produced by the horses body. This vitamin must be obtained through external sources such as:

FORAGE, GRAIN AND SUPPLEMENTS



NATURAL VITAMIN E

Natural Vitamin E comes from plant oils. Synthetic Vitamin E is generally derived from a petroleum product. Synthetic Vitamin E is only about 12% as potent as Natural Vitamin E. Natural Vitamin E is more bio-available (meaning easily used by the body)

A HORSE NEEDS A MINIMUM OF 1000-2000 IU VITAMIN E / DAY

to get this from pasture it would take 12-17 hours of grazing per day

BASED ON 1100 LB HORSE

VITAMIN E LOSS

70%
of its Vitamin E
concentration within
2 weeks
of being cut.

VITAMIN E DEFICIENCY

can cause a variety of different symptoms such as:

Muscle Weakness

Muscle Twitching

- Toe Dragging
- Shifting Weight
- Becoming Lethargic
- Recurrent Cold or Cough
- Poor Immunity to Diseases
- Sore, Stiff or Damanged Muscles
- Unexplained or Uneven Muscle Wasting (Poor Topline)

NATURAL TYPES

Vitamin E naturally exists in 8 different forms.

Alpha-, Beta-, Gamma-Delta- Tocopherols

and

Alpha-, Beta-, Gamma-, Delta-Tocotrienols

NATURAL VITAMIN E IS GENERALLY LABELED AS D-ALPHA TOCOPHEROL, D-ALPHA TOCOPHEROL ACETATE, OR D-ALPHA TOCOPHEROL SUCCINATE SYNTHETIC VITAMIN E IS LIESTED AS DL-ALPHA TOCOPHEROL OR SIMPLY VITAMIN E SUPPLEMENT

NUTRITIONAL EXPERTISE PROVIDED BY:



